

# How To Safe A Life

## Intro 1/2/3

Stimme

life\_

*first time tacet*

1.Step one,—

3.As

Klavier

E.Gitarre

Capo III

*first time tacet*

E.Bass

*3rd time only*

Schlagzeug

*first time tacet*

Bb F Gm Eb

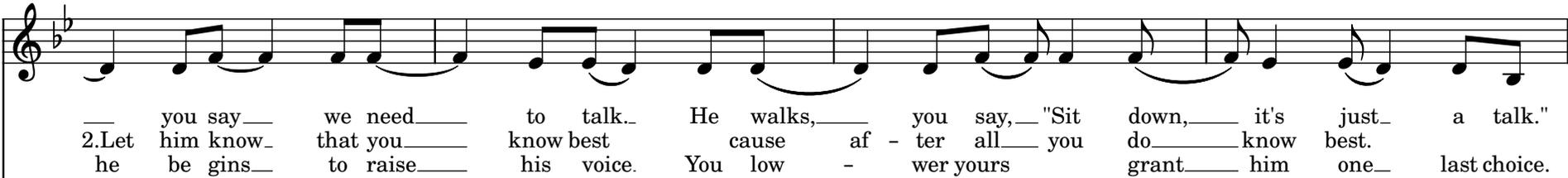
Bb F Gm Eb

Bb F Gm Eb

Bb F Gm Eb

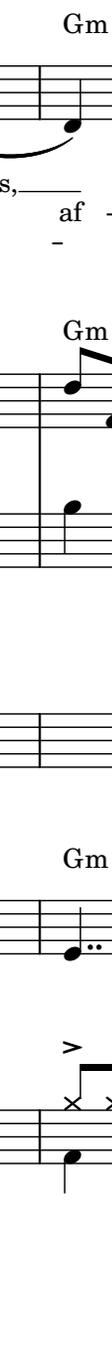
# Strophe 1/2/3

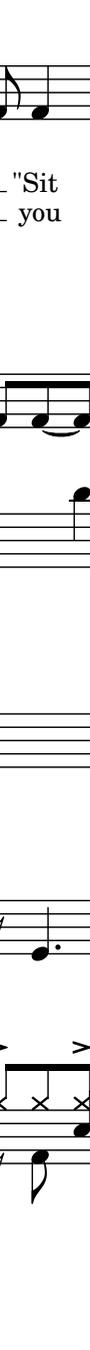
5

St.  **Bb** **F** **Gm** **Eb**

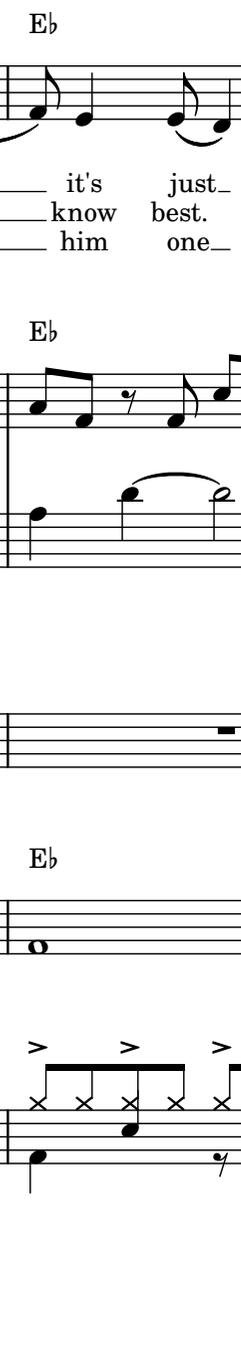
— you say — we need — to talk.. He walks, — you say, — "Sit down, — it's just — a talk."  
 2.Let him know — that you — know best cause af - ter all — you do — know best.  
 he be gins — to raise — his voice. You low - wer yours grant — him one — last choice.

Klav.  **Bb** **F** **Gm** **Eb**

E-Git. 

E. B.  **Bb** **F** **Gm** **Eb**

*first time tacet*

Schlgz.  **Bb** **F** **Gm** **Eb**

*first time tacet*

9

Bb

F

Gm

Eb

St.

He smiles po-lite ly back at you, - you stare po-lite ly right on trough  
 Try to slip past his de - fence with out grant - ing in - no-cence.  
 Drive un - til you lose the road Or break with the ones you've fo - llowed

Klav.

Bb

F

Gm

Eb

Piano accompaniment for the vocal line, featuring chords Bb, F, Gm, and Eb across four measures.

E-Git.

Electric guitar staff with a treble clef and a sharp sign (#) on the first line, indicating a key signature of one sharp (F#).

E. B.

Bb

F

Gm

Eb

Bass staff with a bass clef and a flat sign (b) on the first line, indicating a key signature of two flats (Bb).

Schlgz.

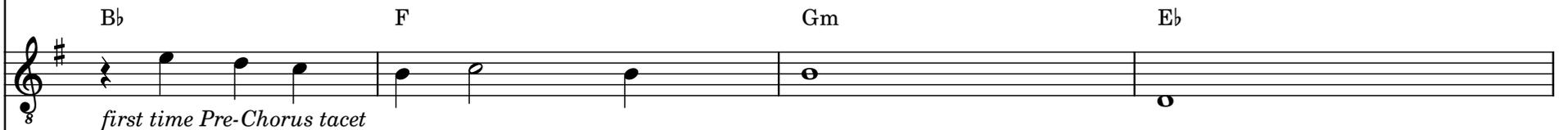
Drum staff with a double bar line and a vertical line on the left, indicating a specific drum set configuration.

4 **Pre-Chorus 1/2/3**

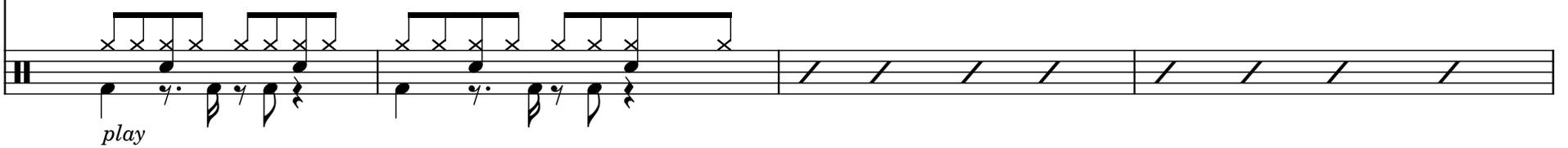
13

St. 

Klav. 

E-Git. 

E. B. 

Schlgz. 

17

Bb

F

Gm

Eb

St.

— be - tween the lines of fear and blame you be - gin to won - der why - you came.  
 pray to God he hears you; and pray to God he hears you and...  
 — he'll say he's just not the sa - me And you'll begin to won - der why - you came

Klav.

Bb

F

Gm

Eb

E-Git.

Bb

F

Gm

Eb

E. B.

Bb

F

Gm

Eb

Schlgz.

**Chrous 1/2/3**

21

St. *B $\flat$*  *F* *Gm* *E $\flat$*

Where did I \_\_\_ go wrong? \_\_\_ I lost \_\_\_ a friend some-where. a - long \_\_\_ in the bit-ter-ness. And

Klav. *B $\flat$*  *F* *Gm* *E $\flat$*

E-Git. *C* *D(9,11)* *Em* *G* *D/F $\sharp$*

E. B. *B $\flat$*  *F* *Gm* *E $\flat$*

Schlgz. *B $\flat$*  *F* *Gm* *E $\flat$*

*first time tacet*

Detailed description of the musical score: The score is for a piece titled 'Chrous 1/2/3'. It consists of six staves. The vocal line (St.) is in a key with two flats (B-flat major/D minor) and a 3/4 time signature. The lyrics are: 'Where did I \_\_\_ go wrong? \_\_\_ I lost \_\_\_ a friend some-where. a - long \_\_\_ in the bit-ter-ness. And'. The piano accompaniment (Klav.) features a simple harmonic accompaniment in the right hand and a bass line in the left hand. The electric guitar (E-Git.) part shows chord diagrams for C, D(9,11), Em, G, and D/F# in the key of D minor. The electric bass (E. B.) part provides a steady bass line. The drum part (Schlgz.) includes a pattern of eighth notes with 'x' marks indicating cymbal hits, and a 'first time tacet' instruction for the first two measures.

25

Bb

F

Gm

Eb

1./2. D.C., 3. cont.

St.

I would have\_ stayed. up\_ with you\_ all night, had I\_ known how to save\_ a life.

Bb

F

Gm

Eb

Klav.

E-Git.

Bb

F

Gm

Eb

E. B.

Schlgz.

**Chorus 4**

29

St. Where did I go wrong? I lost a friend some-where. a - long in the bit-ter-ness. And

Klav.

E-Git.

E. B.

Schlgz.

**Chords:** B $\flat$ , F, Gm, E $\flat$

**Guitar Chord Diagrams:**

- C:
- D(9,11):
- Em:
- G:
- D/F $\sharp$ :

33

Bb

F

Gm

Eb

St.

I would have\_ stayed. up\_ with you\_ all night, had I\_ known how to save\_ a life.\_

Bb

F

Gm

Eb

Klav.

C

D(9,11)

Em

G

D/F#

E-Git.

Bb

F

Gm

Eb

E. B.

Schlgz.

**Bridge**

37

St.

how to save a life.

Klav.

E-Git.

*only in D.S*

E. B.

Schlgz.

*first time tacet*

41

Bb

F

Gm

Eb

St.

Vocal line for the voice part (St.). It begins with a whole rest in the first measure, followed by a whole rest in the second measure. In the third measure, there is a whole rest. The fourth measure contains a melodic phrase: a quarter note G4, followed by an eighth note A4, an eighth note Bb4, a quarter note C5, a quarter note Bb4, and a quarter note A4. The phrase is underlined.

how to save a life.

Klav.

Bb

F

Gm

Eb

Piano accompaniment (Klav.) consisting of two staves. The right hand plays a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes: G4, A4, Bb4, C5, Bb4, A4. The left hand plays a similar pattern: G3, A3, Bb3, C4, Bb3, A3. This pattern repeats throughout the four measures.

E-Git.

Electric guitar (E-Git.) part in standard tuning (E2-A2-D3-G3-B3-E4). The first measure has a whole rest. The second measure contains a quarter note G2, a quarter note A2, and a quarter note Bb2. The third measure contains a quarter note C3, a quarter note Bb2, and a quarter note A2. The fourth measure contains a whole note G2.

E. B.

Electric bass (E. B.) part. It consists of four measures, each containing a whole rest.

Schlgz.

Drums (Schlgz.) part. The first three measures contain a series of diagonal slashes representing a steady drum pattern. The fourth measure contains a specific drum pattern: a quarter note snare, followed by an eighth note hi-hat, and an eighth note bass drum.

**Chrous 5/6**

45

St. Bb F Gm Eb

Where did I \_\_\_ go wrong? \_\_\_ I lost \_\_\_ a friend some-where. a - long \_\_\_ in the bit-ter-ness. And

Klav. Bb F Gm Eb

E-Git. C D(9,11) Em G D/F#

E. B. Bb F Gm Eb

Schlgz. Bb F Gm Eb

2nd time only

49

Bb

F

Gm

Eb

D.S. al Coda

St.

I would have stayed up with you all night, had I known how to save a life.

Bb

F

Gm

Eb

Klav.

C

D(9,11)

Em

G

D/F#

E-Git.

Bb

F

Gm

Eb

E. B.

Schlgz.

♩ **Outro**

53

St.

Klav.

57

St.

Klav.

4x

E-Git.

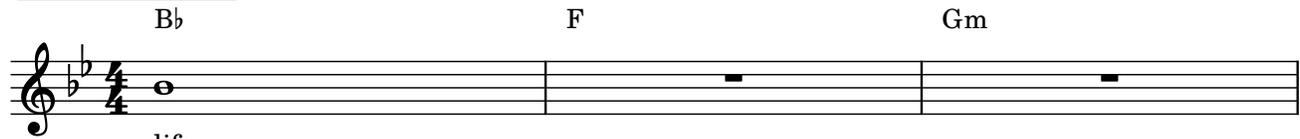
E. B.

Schlgz.

Play 4x

Fill in at Rep. 4

## How To Save A Life

**Intro 1/2/3**

life\_

*first time tacet***Strophe 1/2/3**

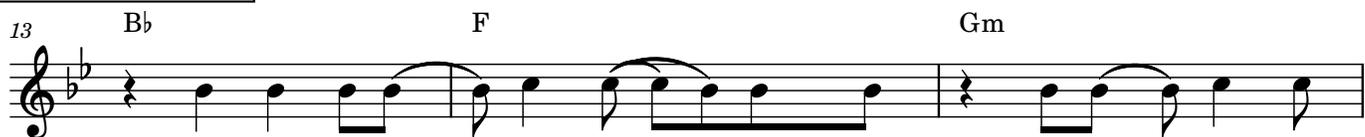
1. Step one, you say we need to talk. He walks,  
 2. Let him know that you know best cause  
 3. As he be gins to raise his voice. You low -



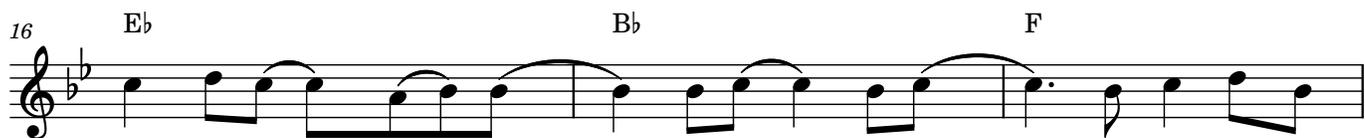
— you say, "Sit down, it's just a talk." He smiles po-lite—  
 af - ter all you do know best. Try to slip past his—  
 - wer yours grant him one last choice. Drive un - til you—



— ly back at you, - you stare po-lite ly right on trough  
 — de - fence with out grant-ing in - no-cence.  
 — lose the road Or break with the ones you've fo - lloved

**Pre-Chorus 1/2/3**

some sort of win dow to your right, as he goes left—  
 Lay down a list of what is wrong, the things, you've told—  
 He will do one of two things. He will admit to—



— and you stay right be-tween the lines of fear and blame  
 — him all a - long and pray to God he hears you; and  
 — ev - er - things Or he'll say he's just not the sa - me

**Chrous 1/2/3**

19 Gm Eb Bb



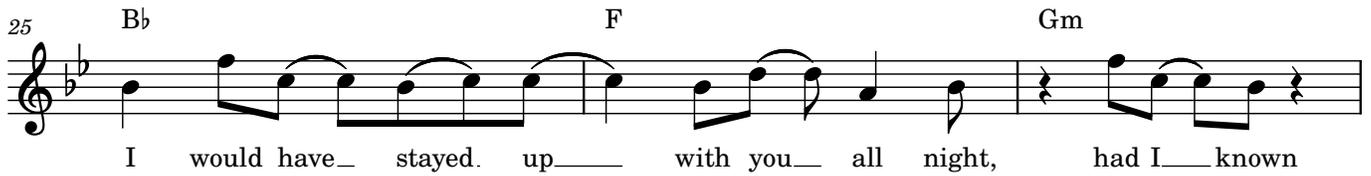
you be - gin to won - der why\_ you came. Where did I\_ go wrong?\_  
pray to God he hears\_ you\_ and...  
And you'll begin to won - der why\_ you came

22 F Gm Eb



I lost\_ a friend some-where. a - long\_ in the bit - ter-ness. And

25 Bb F Gm



I would have\_ stayed. up\_ with you\_ all night, had I\_ known

**Chorus 4**

28 Eb 1./2. D.C., 3. cont. Bb F



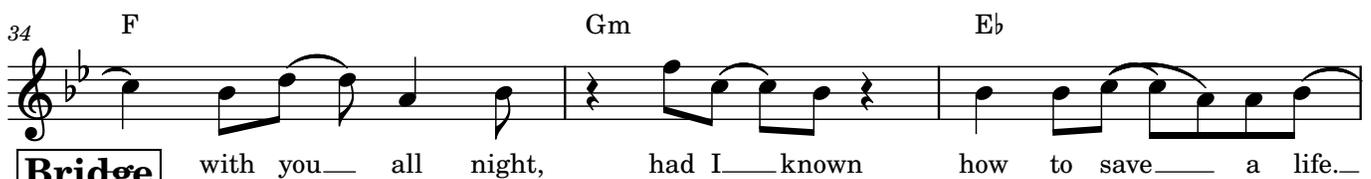
how to save\_ a life. Where did I\_ go wrong?\_ I lost\_ a friend

31 Gm Eb Bb



some-where. a - long\_ in the bit - ter-ness. And I would have\_ stayed. up\_

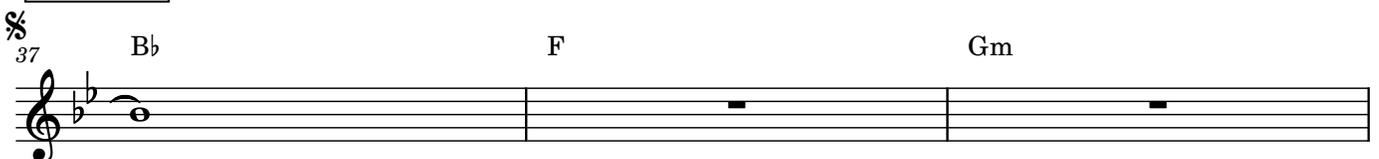
34 F Gm Eb



with you\_ all night, had I\_ known how to save\_ a life.\_

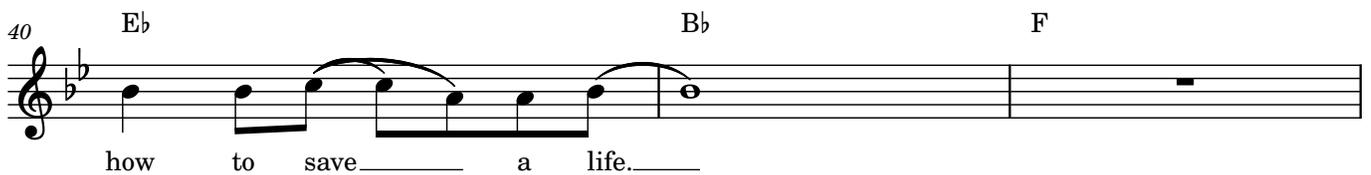
**Bridge**

37 Bb F Gm



—

40 Eb Bb F



how to save\_ a life.\_

**Chrous 5/6**

43 Gm Eb To Coda Bb

how to save a life. Where did I go wrong?\_

46 F Gm Eb

\_ I lost a friend some-where. a - long in the bit - ter - ness. And

49 Bb F Gm

I would have stayed up with you all night, had I known

**Outro**

52 Eb D.S. al Coda

how to save a life.

# How To Save A Life

## Intro 1/2/3

Musical notation for the Intro section, measures 1-4. The key signature is B-flat major (two flats) and the time signature is 4/4. The melody in the right hand consists of eighth notes with a grace note on the first of each measure. The bass line in the left hand consists of quarter notes. Chords are indicated above the staff: Bb, F, Gm, Eb.

## Strophe 1/2/3

Musical notation for the first part of the Strophe section, measures 5-8. The notation is identical to the Intro section. Chords are indicated above the staff: Bb, F, Gm, Eb.

Musical notation for the second part of the Strophe section, measures 9-12. The notation is identical to the Intro section. Chords are indicated above the staff: Bb, F, Gm, Eb.

## Pre-Chorus 1/2/3

Musical notation for the first part of the Pre-Chorus section, measures 13-16. The notation is identical to the Intro section. Chords are indicated above the staff: Bb, F, Gm, Eb.

Musical notation for the second part of the Pre-Chorus section, measures 17-20. The notation is identical to the Intro section. Chords are indicated above the staff: Bb, F, Gm, Eb.

## Chrous 1/2/3

Musical notation for the Chorus section, measures 21-24. The right hand consists of a simple melody of quarter notes. The left hand consists of octaves. Chords are indicated above the staff: Bb, F, Gm, Eb.

2

25 B $\flat$  F Gm E $\flat$  1./2. D.C., 3. cont.

**Chorus 4**

29 B $\flat$  F Gm E $\flat$

33 B $\flat$  F Gm E $\flat$

**Bridge**

37 B $\flat$  F Gm E $\flat$

41 B $\flat$  F Gm E $\flat$  To Coda

**Chorus 5/6**

45 B $\flat$  F Gm E $\flat$

49 B $\flat$  F Gm E $\flat$  D.S. al Coda

53 **Outro** B $\flat$  F Gm E $\flat$

57 4x

# How To Save A Life

## Pre-Chorus 1/2/3

### Intro 1/2/3

B $\flat$  F Gm E $\flat$  B $\flat$  F Gm

Capo III  
first time tacet

8

first time Pre-Chorus tacet

### Strophe 1/2/3

## Chorus 1/2/3

E $\flat$  B $\flat$  F Gm E $\flat$

C D(9,11) Em

16

## Chorus 4

G D/F# C D(9,11) Em G D/F# C D(9,11) Em

1. 1/2. D.C., 3. cont.

24

## Bridge

G D/F# C D(9,11) Em G D/F#

32

only in D.S

## Chorus 5/6

To Coda

C D(9,11) Em

40

## Outro

G D/F# C D(9,11) Em G D/F#

D.S. al Coda

48

4

# How To Save A Life

## Intro 1/2/3

Bb F Gm Eb Bb F Gm Eb

3rd time only first time tacet

## Strophe 1/2/3

## Pre-Chorus 1/2/3

9 Bb F Gm Eb Bb F Gm Eb

## Chorus 1/2/3

17 Bb F Gm Eb Bb F Gm Eb

## Chorus 4

1./2. D.C., 3. cont.

25 Bb F Gm Eb Bb F Gm Eb

## Bridge

33 Bb F Gm Eb % Bb F Gm Eb To Coda 5

## Chorus 5/6

45 Bb F Gm Eb Bb F Gm D.S. al Coda Eb

## Outro

53 Bb F Gm Eb

# How To Save A Life

## Intro 1/2/3

come in here (Strophe 2)

first time tacet

Musical notation for the Intro 1/2/3 section, featuring a 4/4 time signature and a drum set. The notation includes a series of eighth notes with 'x' marks above them, indicating a specific drum pattern. The first two measures are marked 'first time tacet'. The section concludes with a double bar line and a final chord.

## Strophe 1/2/3

5

9

first time tacet

Musical notation for the Strophe 1/2/3 section, featuring a 4/4 time signature and a drum set. The notation includes a series of eighth notes with 'x' marks above them, indicating a specific drum pattern. The first two measures are marked 'first time tacet'. The section is divided into two parts, labeled 5 and 9, and concludes with a double bar line and a final chord.

## Pre-Chorus 1/2/3

13

17

play

Musical notation for the Pre-Chorus 1/2/3 section, featuring a 4/4 time signature and a drum set. The notation includes a series of eighth notes with 'x' marks above them, indicating a specific drum pattern. The first two measures are marked 'play'. The section is divided into two parts, labeled 13 and 17, and concludes with a double bar line and a final chord.

## Chorus 1/2/3

21

25

1/2. D.C., 3. cont.

first time tacet

Musical notation for the Chorus 1/2/3 section, featuring a 4/4 time signature and a drum set. The notation includes a series of eighth notes with 'x' marks above them, indicating a specific drum pattern. The first two measures are marked 'first time tacet'. The section is divided into two parts, labeled 21 and 25, and concludes with a double bar line and a final chord. A note above the final measure of the second part reads '1/2. D.C., 3. cont.'

## Chorus 4

29

Musical notation for the Chorus 4 section, featuring a 4/4 time signature and a drum set. The notation includes a series of eighth notes with 'x' marks above them, indicating a specific drum pattern. The section starts at measure 29 and concludes with a double bar line and a final chord.

2

33

**Bridge**

37

*first time tacet*

**Chrous 5/6**

42

To Coda

47

2nd time only

**Outro**

51

D.S. al Coda

55

cont. sim

Play 4x

Fill in at Rep. 4